

Review Exercise Set 13

Exercise 1: Multiply.

$$\frac{2}{15} \times \frac{5}{6}$$

Exercise 2: Multiply.

$$-\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{15}$$

Exercise 3: Multiply.

$$\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{9}{35} \times \frac{7}{8}$$

Exercise 4: Divide.

$$\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3}$$

Exercise 5: Divide.

$$\frac{15}{16} \div \frac{9}{4}$$

Review Exercise Set 13 Answer Key

Exercise 1: Multiply.

$$\frac{2}{15} \times \frac{5}{6}$$

First, rewrite the problem as a single fraction by distributing the multiplication to both the numerator and denominator. Then perform prime factorization of the numerator and denominator. $15 = 5 * 3$ and $6 = 3 * 2$.

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{2 \times 5}{15 \times 6} \\ &= \frac{2 \times 5}{5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce any common factors. When reducing the common factors remember to keep a 1 in their place

$$= \frac{\cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{5}^1}{\cancel{5}^1 \times 3 \times 3 \times \cancel{2}^1}$$

multiply across the numerator and denominator

$$= \frac{1}{9}$$

Exercise 2: Multiply.

$$\begin{aligned} &-\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{15} \\ &= -\frac{3 \times 8}{4 \times 15} \end{aligned}$$

Prime factorization: $8 = 2 * 2 * 2$; $4 = 2 * 2$; and $15 = 3 * 5$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -\frac{3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5} \\ &= -\frac{\cancel{3}^1 \times \cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{2}^1 \times 2}{\cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{3}^1 \times 5} \\ &= -\frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 3: Multiply.

$$\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{9}{35} \times \frac{7}{8}$$

Even though this problem has three fractions, we will work it exactly the same way as before

$$= \frac{5 \times 9 \times 7}{12 \times 35 \times 8}$$

Prime factorization: $9 = 3 \times 3$; $12 = 2 \times 2 \times 3$; $35 = 5 \times 7$; and $8 = 2 \times 2 \times 2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7}{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} \\ &= \frac{5^1 \times \cancel{3^1} \times 3 \times \cancel{7^1}}{2 \times 2 \times \cancel{3^1} \times \cancel{5^1} \times \cancel{7^1} \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} \\ &= \frac{3}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} \\ &= \frac{3}{32} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 4: Divide.

$$\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3}$$

When you have a problem where you are asked to divide two fractions, you want to convert the problem into a multiplication problem by inverting (flipping) the second fraction.

$$= \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

Now perform the problem just like the others

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{3 \times 3}{8 \times 2} \\ &= \frac{3 \times 3}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} \end{aligned}$$

Some problems may not have any common factors so you would simply multiply to get the answer

$$= \frac{9}{16}$$

Exercise 5: Divide.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{15}{16} \div \frac{9}{4} \\ &= \frac{15}{16} \times \frac{4}{9} \\ &= \frac{15 \times 4}{16 \times 9} \\ &= \frac{5 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3} \\ &= \frac{5 \times \cancel{3}^1 \times \cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{2}^1}{2 \times 2 \times \cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{2}^1 \times \cancel{3}^1 \times 3} \\ &= \frac{5}{12} \end{aligned}$$