

Review Exercise Set 1

Exercise 1: Convert the given degree measurement into radians. Leave your answer as a multiple of π .

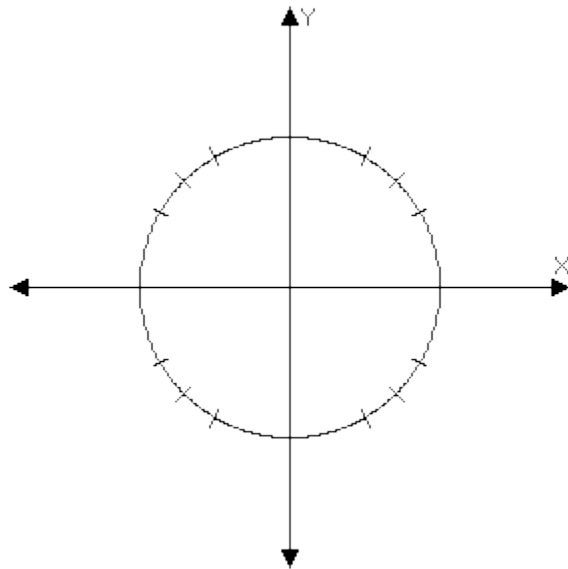
$$120^\circ$$

Exercise 2: Convert the given radian measurement into degrees.

$$\frac{9\pi}{4}$$

Exercise 3: Use graph below to draw the given angle in standard position and state the quadrant in which the angle lies.

$$-195^\circ$$



Exercise 4: Find a positive angle less than 360° or 2π that is coterminal with the given angle.

$$\frac{11\pi}{3}$$

Exercise 5: Find the length of the arc on a circle with the given radius and intercepted by the given central angle. Express the answer in both terms of π and in decimal form rounded off to two places.

$$r = 4 \text{ and } \theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

Review Exercise Set 1 Answer Key

Exercise 1: Convert the given degree measurement into radians. Leave your answer as a multiple of π .

$$120^\circ$$

Multiply the given degree measurement by $\frac{\pi}{180^\circ}$ and reduce

$$\begin{aligned} 120^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} &= \frac{120\pi}{180} \\ &= \frac{2\pi}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 2: Convert the given radian measurement into degrees.

$$\frac{9\pi}{4}$$

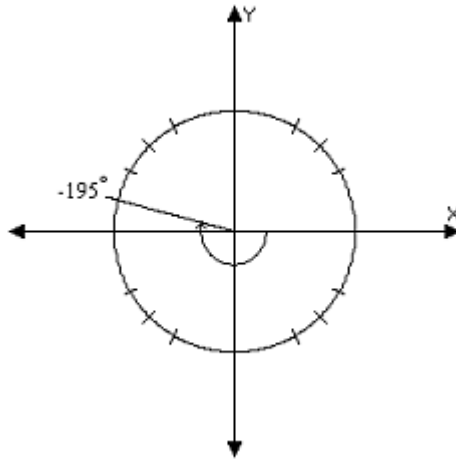
Multiply the given radian measurement by $\frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$ and reduce

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{9\pi}{4} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} &= \frac{1620^\circ\pi}{4\pi} \\ &= 405^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 3: Use graph below to draw the given angle in standard position and state the quadrant in which the angle lies.

$$-195^\circ$$

Since the angle measurement is negative it would be graphed going in a clockwise rotation placing it in the second quadrant.



Exercise 4: Find a positive angle less than 360° or 2π that is coterminal with the given angle.

$$\frac{11\pi}{3}$$

Subtract 2π from the given angle

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{11\pi}{3} - 2\pi &= \frac{11\pi}{3} - \frac{6\pi}{3} \\ &= \frac{5\pi}{3}\end{aligned}$$

Exercise 5: Find the length of the arc on a circle with the given radius and intercepted by the given central angle. Express the answer in both terms of π and in decimal form rounded off to two places.

$$r = 4 \text{ and } \theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

Since the angle measurement is already in radians, substitute r and θ into the formula for arc length

$$\begin{aligned}s &= r\theta \\ &= 4 \text{ cm} \times \frac{5\pi}{3} \\ &= \frac{20\pi}{3} \text{ cm} \\ &\approx 20.94 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$