

## Review Exercise Set 4

Exercise 1: Determine the transformations present in the given function compared to the standard quadratic function,  $x^2$ .

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

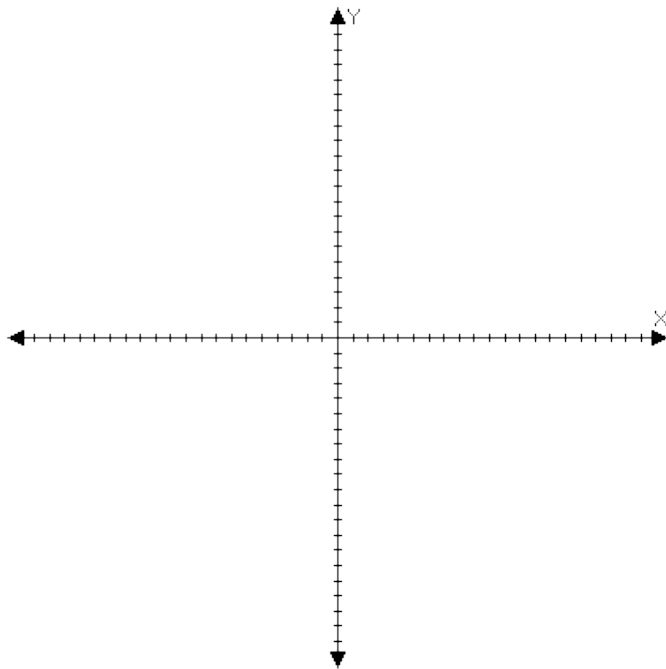
Exercise 2: Determine the transformations present in the given function compared to the standard absolute value function,  $|x|$ .

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} |x - 3| + 4$$

Exercise 3: Starting with the standard cube root function, write the function that would have the given transformations. Sketch the standard and transformed functions.

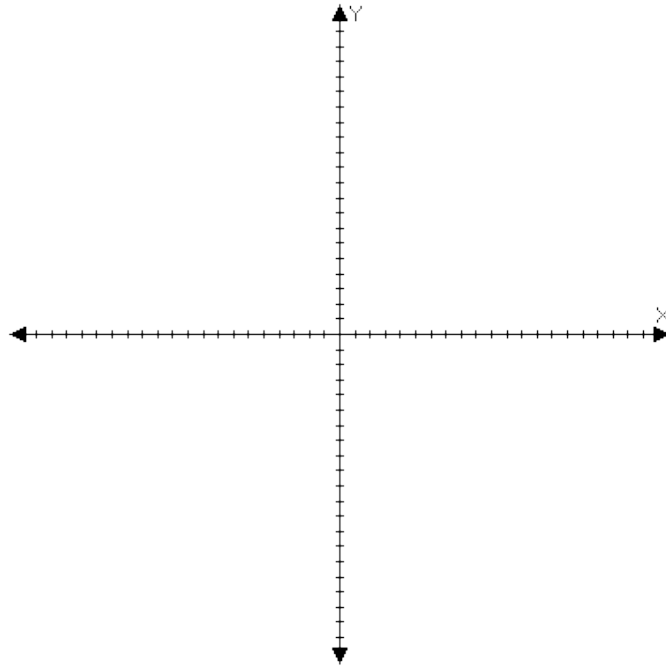
A horizontal shift left 1 unit

A vertical shift down 2 units



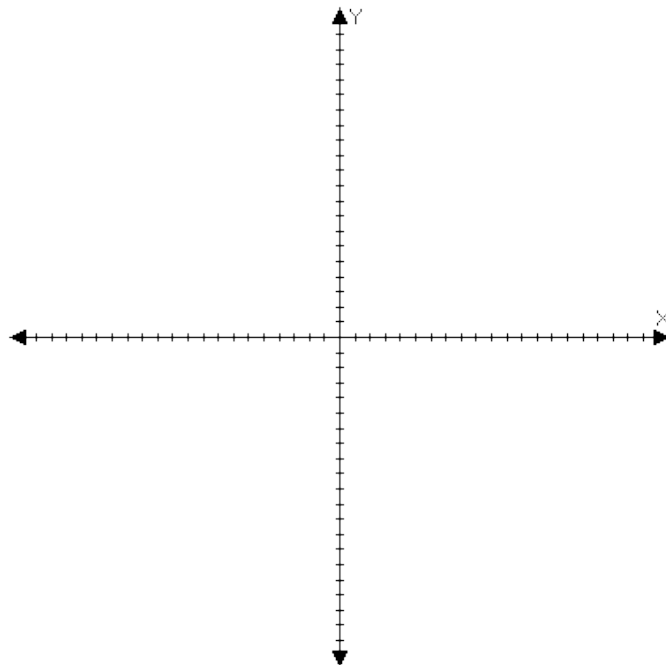
Exercise 4: Graph the standard quadratic function and then use transformations to sketch the graph of the given function.

$$s(x) = -2(x + 1)^2 - 1$$



Exercise 5: Graph the standard square root function and then use transformations to sketch the graph of the given function.

$$h(x) = \sqrt{x + 4} - 1$$



## Review Exercise Set 4 Answer Key

Exercise 1: Determine the transformations present in the given function compared to the standard quadratic function,  $x^2$ .

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

Reflection about the x-axis because of the -1 coefficient in front of  $x^2$   
Vertical shift down 2 units because of the - 2 at the end of the function

Exercise 2: Determine the transformations present in the given function compared to the standard absolute value function,  $|x|$ .

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} |x - 3| + 4$$

Vertical shrinking because of the fractional coefficient in front of the absolute value  
Horizontal shift right 3 units because of the - 3 inside the absolute value  
Vertical shift up 4 units because of the + 4 at the end of the function

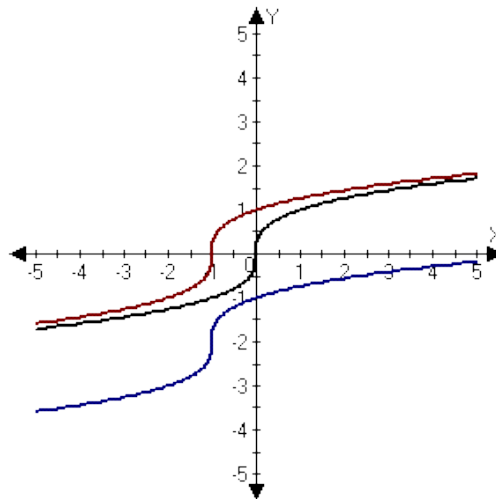
Exercise 3: Starting with the standard cube root function, write the function that would have the given transformations. Sketch the standard and transformed functions.

A horizontal shift left 1 unit  
A vertical shift down 2 units

Standard function:  $\sqrt[3]{x}$

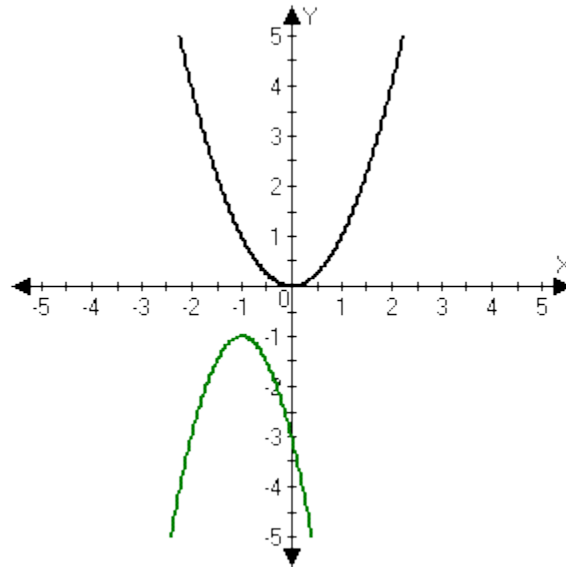
Function with horizontal shift:  $\sqrt[3]{x+1}$

Function with horizontal and vertical shifts:  $\sqrt[3]{x+1} - 2$



Exercise 4: Graph the standard quadratic function and then use transformations to sketch the graph of the given function.

$$s(x) = -2(x + 1)^2 - 1$$



Exercise 5: Graph the standard square root function and then use transformations to sketch the graph of the given function.

$$h(x) = \sqrt{x+4} - 1$$

